

Variant: *NM_000527.5(LDLR):c.1739C>T (p.Ser580Phe)*

Version: 1.0

CA305301758 [↗](#)

438325 (ClinVar) [↗](#)

Gene: LDLR ([HGNC:3949](#))

Condition: hypercholesterolemia, familial ([MONDO:0007750](#))

Inheritance Mode: Semidominant inheritance

UUID: a48735f3-cd3e-4da7-96bf-e0823e89c216

Approved on: 2023/11/7

Published on: 2024/9/25

HGVS expressions

NM_000527.5(LDLR):c.1739C>T (p.Ser580Phe)

NM_000527.5:c.1739C>T

NC_000019.10:g.11116892C>T

CM000681.2:g.11116892C>T

NC_000019.9:g.11227568C>T

CM000681.1:g.11227568C>T

NC_000019.8:g.11088568C>T

NG_009060.1:g.32512C>T

ENST00000252444.10:c.1997C>T

ENST00000559340.2:c.1705+680C>T

ENST00000560467.2:c.1619C>T

ENST00000558518.6:c.1739C>T

ENST00000252444.9:c.1993C>T

ENST00000455727.6:c.1235C>T

ENST00000535915.5:c.1616C>T

ENST00000545707.5:c.1358C>T

ENST00000557933.5:c.1739C>T

ENST00000558013.5:c.1739C>T

ENST00000558518.5:c.1739C>T

ENST00000559340.1:c.426+680C>T

NM_000527.4:c.1739C>T

NM_001195798.1:c.1739C>T

NM_001195799.1:c.1616C>T

NM_001195800.1:c.1235C>T

NM_001195803.1:c.1358C>T

NM_001195798.2:c.1739C>T

NM_001195799.2:c.1616C>T

NM_001195800.2:c.1235C>T

NM_001195803.2:c.1358C>T

Likely Pathogenic

Met criteria codes **6**

PS3_Supporting

PP1

PP3

PP4

PM2

PS4_Supporting

Not Met criteria codes **16**

Expert Panel

Familial Hypercholesterolemia VCEP [↗](#)

Criteria Specification Information **!**

PS1PS2BA1PM1PM3PM5PM4PM6BS1BS4BS3BS2BP4BP3BP2PVS1

[Criteria Specifications for this VCEP](#)

Evidence Links 1

Evidence submitted by expert panel

Familial Hypercholesterolemia VCEP

The NM_000527.5(LDLR):c.1739C>T (p.Ser580Phe) variant is classified as Likely Pathogenic for Familial Hypercholesterolemia by applying ACMG/AMP evidence codes PM2, PP1, PP3, PP4, PS3_Supporting and PS4_Supporting as defined by the ClinGen Familial Hypercholesterolemia Expert Panel LDLR-specific variant curation guidelines (specification version 1.2) on 7 November 2023. The supporting evidence is as follows: PM2: PopMax MAF = 0.00001 (0.001%) in European (Non-Finnish) exomes+genomes (gnomAD v2.1.1). PP3: REVEL=0.907. PS3_Supporting: Level 3 assay: PMID 35474963 (Pfisterer SG et al., 2022): Heterozygous patient monocytes and lymphocytes. 25-50% of control low-density lipoprotein particle uptake and LDLR surface expression. PS4_Supporting, PP4: Variant meets PM2 and is identified in at least 3 unrelated index cases who fulfill DLCN score >=6 (1 case from Service de Biochimie et de Biologie Moléculaire, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France; 2 cases from Research Lab of Molecular Genetics of Lipid Metabolism, Italy - Prof. M. Arca). PP1: Variant segregates with FH phenotype in 2 informative meioses identified by Research Lab of Molecular Genetics of Lipid Metabolism, Italy - Prof. M. Arca. 1 affected family member has the variant and 1 unaffected family member does not have the variant.

Met criteria codes

PS3_Supporting			Level 3 assay: PMID 35474963: Heterozygous patients monocytes and lymphocytes - results - 25-50% low-density lipoprotein particle uptake and LDLR surface expression. ---- Overall LDLR expression and activity is below 85% of wild-type activity. So, PS3_Supporting is met. het monocytes and lymphocytes used; 25-50% LDL uptake and LDLR surface expression (Fig 1G, 2A, 2B, SF1J) PubMed:35474963
PP1			variant segregates with FH phenotype in 2 informative meioses identified by Research Lab of Molecular Genetics of Lipid Metabolism - Prof. M.Arca (1 family member positive for variant with LDL-C >75th percentile and 1 family member negative for the variant with LDL-C <50th percentile). So, PP1 is met.
PP3			REVEL=0.907. It is above 0.75, so PP3 is met.
PP4			Variant meets PM2 and is identified in 3 unrelated index cases who fulfill clinical criteria for FH from several labs (see PS4 for details), after alternative causes of high cholesterol were excluded.
PM2			PopMax MAF = 0.00001 (0.001%) in European (Non-Finnish) exomes+genomes (gnomAD v2.1.1). So, PM2 is met.
PS4_Supporting			Variant meets PM2 and is identified in 3 unrelated index cases (1 case with DLCN criteria>=6 from Service de Biochimie et de Biologie Moléculaire, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France; 2 cases with DLCN criteria>=6 from Research Lab of Molecular Genetics of Lipid Metabolism - Prof. M.Arca). So, PS4_Supporting is met.

Not Met criteria codes			
PS1		✖	No other missense variant in the same codon resulting in a similar amino acid change
PS2		✖	No code specific comments provided, please refer to the summary above or general recommendations provided in the guideline
BA1		✖	PopMax MAF = 0.00001 (0.001%) in European (Non-Finnish) exomes+genomes (gnomAD v2.1.1).
PM1		✖	Not in exon 4, not a cysteine residue
PM3		✖	No data available
PM5		✖	2 other missense variants in the same codon: - NM_000527.5(LDLR):c.1738T>C (p.Ser580Pro) (ClinVar ID 375822) - Uncertain significance by these guidelines - NM_000527.5(LDLR):c.1739C>G (p.Ser580Cys) (ClinVar ID 921461) - Uncertain significance by these guidelines There is no variant in the same codon classified as Pathogenic by these guidelines.
PM4		✖	No in-frame deletion/insertion
PM6		✖	No code specific comments provided, please refer to the summary above or general recommendations provided in the guideline
BS1		✖	PopMax MAF = 0.00001 (0.001%) in European (Non-Finnish) exomes+genomes (gnomAD v2.1.1).
BS4		✖	variant segregates with FH phenotype in 2 informative meioses identified by Research Lab of Molecular Genetics of Lipid Metabolism - Prof. M.Arca (1 family member positive for variant with LDL-C >75th percentile and 1 family member negative for the variant with LDL-C <50th percentile).
BS3		✖	Level 2 assay: PMID 21865347: Heterozygous patients' Epstein-Barr virus transformed lymphocytes, FACS assays - results - 64% low-density lipoprotein particle receptor activity ---- Overall LDLR activity is below 85% of wild-type activity.
BS2		✖	No data available
BP4		✖	REVEL=0.907. It is above 0.5
BP3		✖	No in-frame deletion/insertion
BP2		✖	No data available
PVS1		✖	Not a null variant

Curation History [↗](#)

⛶

☰

▼

⬇

▼

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 rows

--

The information on this website is not intended for direct diagnostic use or medical decision-making without review by a genetics professional. Individuals should not change their health behavior solely on the basis of information contained on this website. If you have questions about the information contained on this website, please see a health care professional.